

OV1: Overview of RWA

			a	b	c
			Risk –weighted assets		Minimum capital requirements N1
R' 000			31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2022
		Notes			
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	N2	5,897,078	10,698,231	678,164
2	Of which: standardised approach (SA)		5,897,078	10,698,231	678,164
3	Of which: foundation internal ratings-based (F-IRB) approach		-	-	-
4	Of which: supervisory slotting approach		-	-	-
5	Of which: advanced internal ratings-based (A-IRB) approach		-	-	-
6	Counterparty credit risk (CCR)		506,038	10,419	58,194
7	Of which: standardised approach for counterparty credit risk		506,038	10,419	58,194
8	Of which: Internal Model Method (IMM)		-	-	-
9	Of which: other CCR		-	-	-
10	Credit valuation adjustment (CVA)		287,520	5,920	33,065
11	Equity positions under the simple risk weight approach		-	-	-
12	Equity investments in funds - look-through approach		-	-	-
13	Equity investments in funds - mandate-based approach		-	-	-
14	Equity investments in funds - fall-back approach		-	-	-
15	Settlement risk		-	-	-
16	Securitisation exposures in the banking book		-	-	-
17	Of which: securitisation internal ratings-based approach (SEC-IRBA)		-	-	-
18	Of which: securitisation external ratings-based approach (SEC-ERBA), including internal assessment approach		-	-	-
19	Of which: securitisation standardised approach (SEC-SA)		-	-	-
20	Market risk		12,803	8,892	1,472
21	Of which: standardised approach (SA)		12,803	8,892	1,472
22	Of which: internal model approaches (IMA)		-	-	-
23	Capital charge for switch between trading book and banking book		-	-	-
24	Operational risk	N3	1,126,536	1,360,732	129,552
25	Amounts below thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)		161,358	153,680	18,556
26	Floor adjustment		-	-	-
27	Total (1+6+10+11+12+13+14+15+16+20+23+24+25+26)	N4	7,991,333	12,237,874	919,003

Notes

- N1: Minimum capital requirements: South African base minima (9%) + conservation buffer (2.5%).
- N2: Credit risk: The decrease in credit risk is as a result of early repayments of loans.
- N3: Operational risk: The decrease in operational risk is as a result of updates in gross income for the current year.
- N4: Total: The decrease in total risk weighted assets is mainly as a result of a decrease in credit risk.

KM1: Key Metrics

R'000	Notes	a	b	c	d	e
		31 March 2022	31 December20 21	30 September 2021	30 June 2021	31 March 2021
	Available capital (amounts)					
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	5,838,782	5,775,317	5,648,775	5,531,803	5,433,159
1a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model	5,838,782	5,775,317	5,648,775	5,531,803	5,433,159
2	Tier 1	5,838,782	5,775,317	5,648,775	5,531,803	5,433,159
2a	Fully loaded accounting model Tier 1	5,838,782	5,775,317	5,648,775	5,531,803	5,433,159
3	Total capital	5,916,681	5,907,066	5,787,718	5,664,305	5,570,201
3a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital	5,916,681	5,907,066	5,787,718	5,664,305	5,570,201
	Risk-weighted assets (amounts)					
4	Total risk-weighted assets (RWA)	N1 7,991,333	12,237,874	12,665,830	12,046,255	12,530,137
	Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA	N2				
5	Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%)	73.06%	47.19%	44.60%	45.92%	43.36%
5a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model CET1 (%)	73.06%	47.19%	44.60%	45.92%	43.36%
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	73.06%	47.19%	44.60%	45.92%	43.36%
6a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%)	73.06%	47.19%	44.60%	45.92%	43.36%
7	Total capital ratio (%)	74.04%	48.27%	45.70%	47.02%	44.45%
7a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%)	74.04%	48.27%	45.70%	47.02%	44.45%
	Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA					
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019) (%)	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
9	Countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
10	Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
11	Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + row 9+ row 10)	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
12	CET1 available after meeting the bank's minimum capital requirements (%)	N3 65.19%	39.82%	37.22%	38.55%	35.99%
	Basel III Leverage Ratio					
13	Total Basel III leverage ratio measure	N4 33,905,165	42,402,675	38,789,724	35,077,265	37,905,641
14	Basel III leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13)	17.22%	13.62%	14.56%	15.77%	14.33%
14a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model Basel III leverage ratio (%) (row 2a/row 13)	N5 17.22%	13.62%	14.56%	15.77%	14.33%
	Liquidity Coverage Ratio	N6				
15	Total HQLA	N7 6,224,075	10,346,577	7,415,609	9,102,591	7,935,504
16	Total net cash outflow	N8 2,005,275	3,093,104	1,221,981	4,721,705	1,369,451
17	LCR ratio (%)	N9 310.39%	334.50%	606.85%	192.78%	579.47%
	Net Stable Funding Ratio					
18	Total available stable funding	18,379,656	19,417,674	20,732,900	18,658,144	21,958,358
19	Total required stable funding	7,885,067	9,232,563	9,476,166	10,922,390	10,912,735
20	NSFR ratio (%)	N10 233.09%	210.32%	218.79%	170.82%	201.22%

Notes

- N1: Total risk-weighted assets (RWA): Please refer to OV1.
- N2: Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA: The increase is as a result of decreases in credit risk (please refer to OV1).
- N3: CET1 available after meeting the bank's minimum capital requirements (%): The increase is as a result of decreases in credit risk.
- N4: Total Basel III leverage ratio measure: Please refer to LR1.
- N5: Fully loaded ECL accounting model Basel III leverage ratio (%): Please refer to LR2.
- N6: The LCR reported in KM1 is the quarter-end LCR as indicated below in the LIQ1 this is prepared on different basis and therefore will not agree.
- N7: Total HQLA: The decrease in HQLA is as a result of the treasury bills which matured and were not replaced as well as the change in limitations on foreign currency denominated HQLA as per Banks Act Directive 7/2014 and Circular 5/2016.
- N8: Total net cash outflow: The decrease in net cash outflows is as a result of a decrease in deposits and placements from banks as well as the restriction on cash inflows (limited to 75% of the total cash outflows).
- N9: LCR ratio: The decrease in LCR is mainly as a result of a significant decrease in HQLA.
- N10: NSFR ratio: The increase in NSFR is mainly as result of a decrease in required stable funding resulting from early repayment of loans.

LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets vs leverage ratio exposure method

R'000		Notes	a
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements		33,692,859
2	Adjustments for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation		-
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure		-
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments		-38,276
5	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)		-
6	Adjustments for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)		251,301
7	Other adjustments		-719
8	Leverage ratio exposure measure	N1	33,905,165

N2

Notes

- N1: Leverage ratio exposure measure: The decrease is mainly attributable to a decrease in total assets resulting from early repayment of loans and as well as an appreciation of the exchange rate.
- N2: Please note that KM1 above contains the comparatives of the Leverage Ratio Exposure measure in aggregate, reference should be made to that disclosure.

LR2: Summary comparison of accounting assets vs leverage ratio exposure method

R'000		Notes	a	b
			31 March 2022	31 December 2021
On-balance sheet exposures				
1	On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and securities financing transactions (SFTs), but including collateral)		33,109,648	41,703,765
2	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital)		-719	-852
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of row 1 and 2)	N1	33,108,929	41,702,913
Derivative exposures				
4	Replacement cost associated with <i>all</i> derivatives transactions (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)		211,823	73,875
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with <i>all</i> derivatives transactions		333,112	160,591
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provide where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework		-	-
7	(Deductions of receivable assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)		-	-
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)		-	-
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives		-	-
10	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)		-	-
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of rows 4 to 10)	N2	544,935	234,466
Securities financing transactions				
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions		-	-
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)		-	-
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets		-	-
15	Agent transaction exposures		-	-
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of rows 12 to 15)		-	-
Other off-balance sheet exposures				
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount		502,603	930,592
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)		-251,302	-465,296
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of rows 17 and 18)	N3	251,301	465,296
Capital and total exposures				
20	Tier 1 capital		5,838,782	5,775,317
21	Total exposures (sum of rows 3, 11, 16 and 19)	N4	33,905,165	42,402,675
22	Basel III leverage ratio	N5	17.22%	13.62%

Notes

- N1: On balance sheet exposure: The decrease is as a result of significant early repayments of loans as well as an appreciation of the exchange rate.
- N2: Derivative exposures: The increase is as a result of fair value movements in currency swaps resulting from exchange rate fluctuations.
- N3: Off-balance sheet items: The decrease is as a result of limits being utilised.
- N4: Total exposures: The decrease is mainly attributable to a decrease in total assets.
- N5: Basel III leverage ratio: The increase is mainly attributable to a decrease in total exposures.

LIQ1: LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (LCR)

R'000		Notes	a	b
			Total unweighted value (average)	Total weighted value (average)
High-Quality Liquid Assets				
1	Total HQLA			17,319,415
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:		22,784	2,278
3	Stable deposits		-	-
4	Less stable deposits		22,784	2,278
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:		9,811,599	8,106,055
6	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks		-	-
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)		9,811,599	8,106,055
8	Unsecured debt		-	-
9	Secured wholesale funding			
10	Additional requirements, of which:		844,442	279,848
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements		150,496	150,496
12	Outflows related to loss of funding of debt products		-	-
13	Credit and liquidity facilities		693,946	129,352
14	Other contractual funding obligations		18,047	902
15	Other contingent funding obligations		-	-
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			8,389,084
17	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repo)		-	-
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures		8,045,945	8,042,805
19	Other cash inflows		282,125	282,125
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS		8,328,070	8,324,930
21	Total HQLA			17,319,415
22	Total net cash outflows	N2		2,344,130
23	Liquidity coverage ratio			782%

Notes

N1: CCB-JHB has completed LIQ1 based on the requirements of BCBS 400 - "Pillar 3 disclosure requirements - consolidated and enhanced framework", which prescribes that this return must be presented on a simple daily average over the quarter. The daily calculation of LCR performed by the Bank does not include the limitations on HQLA as per *Banks Act Directive 7/2014* and *Circular 5/2016* whereas the monthly calculation does take into account the limitations per *Directive 7/2014* and *Circular 5/2016*.

For reference the LCR ratio as at 31 March 2022 (based on the monthly calculation including the limitations) is 310%.

The number of data points used in the daily calculation is 90 days.

N2: Total net cash outflows does not equal total cash outflows less total cash inflows is due to the restriction on the cash inflows where it is limited to 75% of cash outflows for certain days in this quarter.

Note: the following tables as per Directive 1 of 2019 have not been included in the present disclosure and the reasons are stated as per the below:

Explanation	Directive 1 of 2019: Quarterly Disclosure required tables per Annex 1
CCB-JHB does not make use of the IMA and VaR estimates	MR2, MR3
CCB-JHB does not make use of the IRB approach for measuring Credit Risk	CR8 ,CR7
CCB-JHB does not make use of the IMM for measuring Counterparty Credit Risk	CCR7